

# Applied Analysis (ACM30020)

Dr Lennon Ó Náraigh

## Exercises #5

1. Given the following second order linear homogeneous ODE:

$$y'' + \omega^2 y = 0,$$

where  $\omega$  is a real number. The initial conditions are:  $y(0) = y_0$  and  $y'(0) = 0$ .

Transform the problem into a Volterra integral equation. Solve the integral equation using an iterative scheme.

2. Consider the inhomogeneous problem

$$y'' + \omega^2 y = f(x), \quad x \in [0, \pi].$$

Here, the problem is a Boundary Value Problem (BVP), with boundary conditions  $y(0) = y(\pi) = 0$ . Use the Green's Function to solve the BVP in the case when:

(a)  $f(x) = 1$ ;

(b)  $f(x) = \sin(\omega x)$ .

3. The stationary temperature distribution in a rod of unit length that has both ends kept at a constant zero temperature, with heat loss through its surface proportional to  $u$ , and that is subject to a given non-uniform heat source per unit length  $f(x)$ , is the solution of

$$-u'' + u = f, \quad u(0) = u(1) = 0.$$

Show that the Green's function of this Boundary Value Problem is given by:

$$G(x, \xi) = \begin{cases} \frac{\sinh(x) \sinh(1-\xi)}{\sinh(1)}, & 0 \leq x \leq \xi \leq 1, \\ \frac{\sinh(\xi) \sinh(1-x)}{\sinh(1)}, & 0 \leq \xi \leq x \leq 1. \end{cases}$$

4. Consider the Fredholm integral equation

$$y(x) = f(x) + \lambda \int_{-1}^1 (x+s)y(s)ds.$$

- (a) For which values of  $\lambda$  does the equation have a unique solution? Find the solution in this case.
- (b) For each of those values of  $\lambda$  for which the equation does not have a unique solution, state a condition which  $f(x)$  must satisfy in order for a solution to exist, and find the general solution when this is satisfied.

5. Solve for  $\phi(x)$  in the integral equation

$$\phi(x) = f(x) + \lambda \int_0^1 \left[ \left( \frac{x}{y} \right)^n + \left( \frac{y}{x} \right)^n \right] \phi(y) dy,$$

where  $f(x)$  is bounded for  $0 < x < 1$  and  $-1/2 < n < 1/2$ , expressing your answer in terms of the quantities  $F_m = \int_0^1 f(y)y^m dy$ .

- (a) Give the explicit solution when  $\lambda = 1$ .
- (b) For what values of  $\lambda$  are there no solutions unless  $F_{\pm n}$  are in a particular ratio? What is this ratio?

6. Consider the FIE

$$y(x) = f(x) + \lambda \int_0^1 \cosh(x-s)y(s)ds. \quad (1)$$

- (a) Show that the eigenvalues of (1) are given by  $2/(1 \pm \sinh 1)$ .
- (b) Using the Hilbert–Schmidt eigenfunction expansion, or otherwise, find the solution for  $\lambda \notin \{2/(1 \pm \sinh 1)\}$ .
- (c) Find a necessary and sufficient condition on  $f$  for the equation

$$y(x) = f(x) + \frac{2}{1 + \sinh 1} \int_0^1 \cosh(x-s)y(s)ds$$

to have a solution and find all solutions when this condition is satisfied.