



## Algebra and Number Theory Seminar

**Title:** Complex Hadamard matrices, minimal polynomials and morphisms

**Speaker:** Padraig O'Cathain (Worcester Polytechnic Institute)

**Date:** Thu 12th March 2020 at 2:00PM

**Location:** Seminar Room SCN 1.25

**Abstract:** Let  $M$  be a matrix with complex entries of unit norm. A well-known theorem of Hadamard bounds the magnitude of the determinant of  $M$  as a function of its dimension, and  $M$  is a (complex) Hadamard matrix if  $M$  meets Hadamard's bound with equality.

The Hadamard conjecture concerns the existence of real Hadamard matrices (that is, with entries in  $\{\pm 1\}$ ). While existence of real Hadamard matrices has been studied for over 100 years, (complex) Hadamard matrices with entries in some extension field of  $\mathbb{Q}$  have not received the same attention. In fact, apart from matrices with entries  $\{\pm 1, \pm i\}$ , existence and non-existence of complex Hadamard matrices is poorly understood.

In this talk, I will discuss relations between the minimal polynomial of a complex Hadamard matrix and tensor-product-like constructions for Hadamard matrices with entries in a smaller field. These results generalise theorems of Turyn and Compton-Craigen-de Launey which give real Hadamard matrices from certain complex Hadamard matrices. Applying these techniques to certain biquadratic extensions of  $\mathbb{Q}$  recov-

ers a construction of Mukhopadhyay-Seberry for skew-Hadamard matrices, and time permitting, I will report on techniques for controlling the minimal polynomial of a Hadamard matrix. I will finish the talk with some open questions and directions for future research.

Joint work with Ronan Egan, Phillip Heikoop, Guillermo Nunez Ponasso, Jack Pugmire and Eric Swartz.

[https://maths.ucd.ie/~kazim\\_b/UCDANTseminar.html](https://maths.ucd.ie/~kazim_b/UCDANTseminar.html)