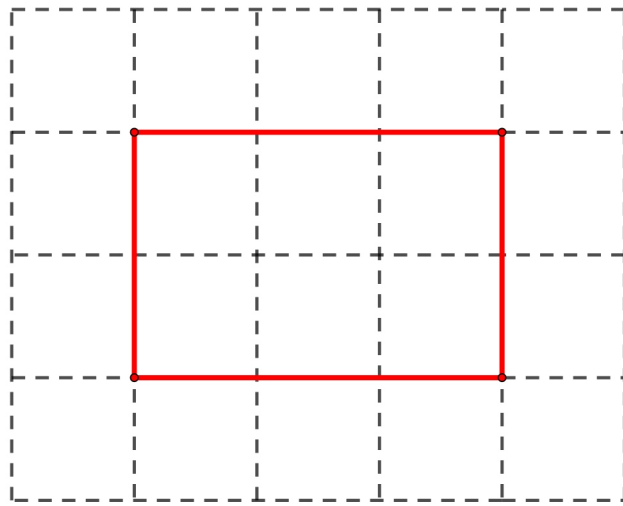


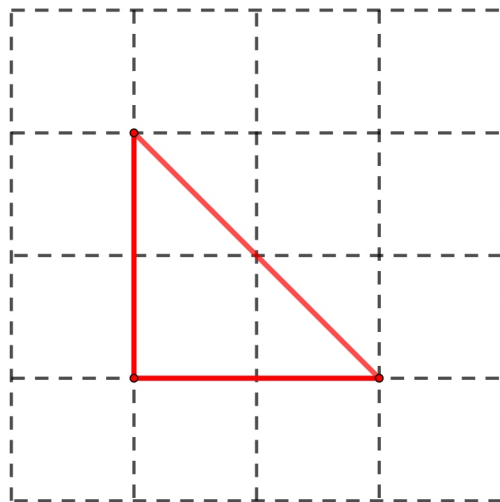
# **Geoboards & Pick's Theorem**

Can you calculate the area of this rectangle by counting the squares, or otherwise?

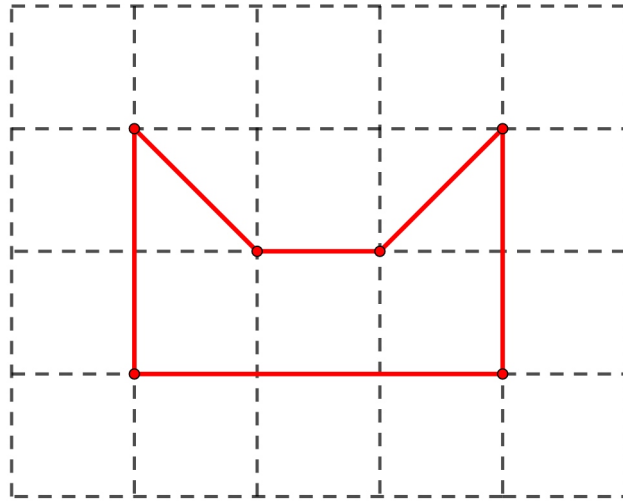


**Area** =  square units

What about this triangle?



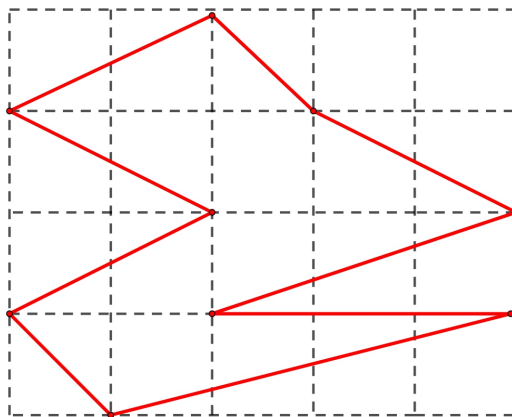
**Area** =  square units



**Area** =  square units

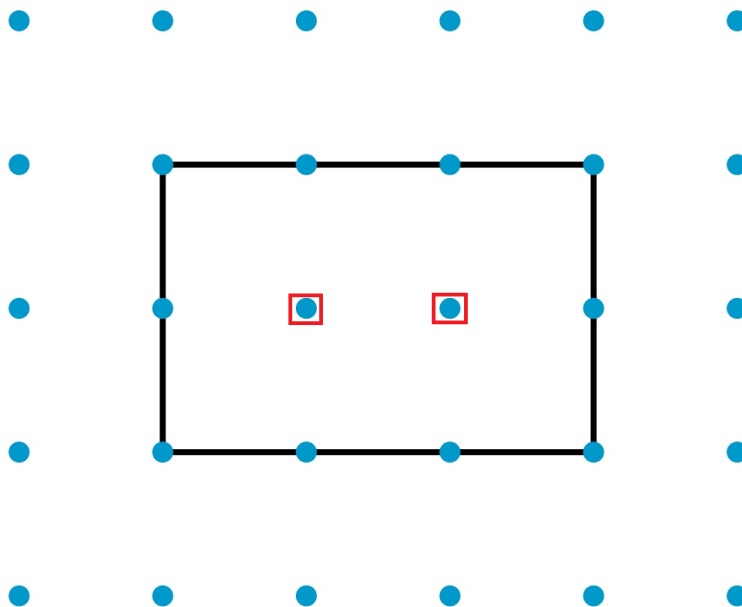


But it's much harder to find the area of unusual shapes, like this one:

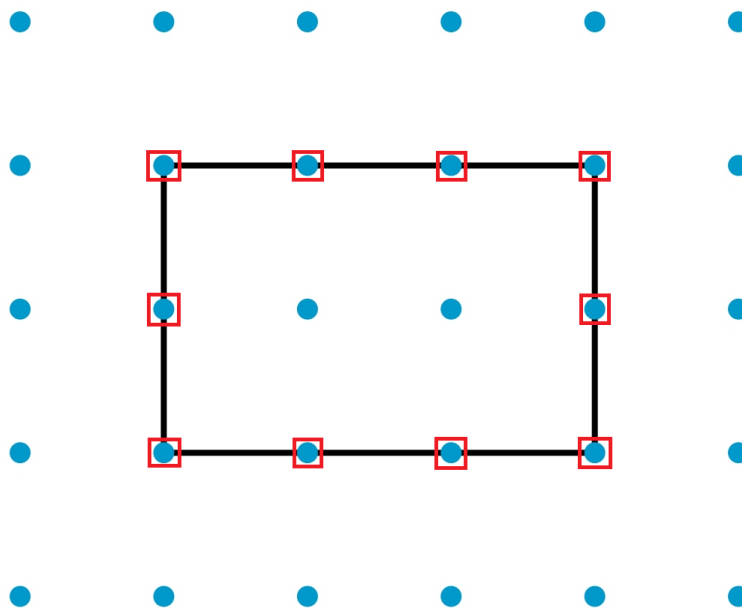


I wonder if there is an easier way to find the area of more complex shapes?

When you make a shape on a geoboard, the points inside the shape are called **interior points**.



The points that the lines pass through are called **boundary points**.

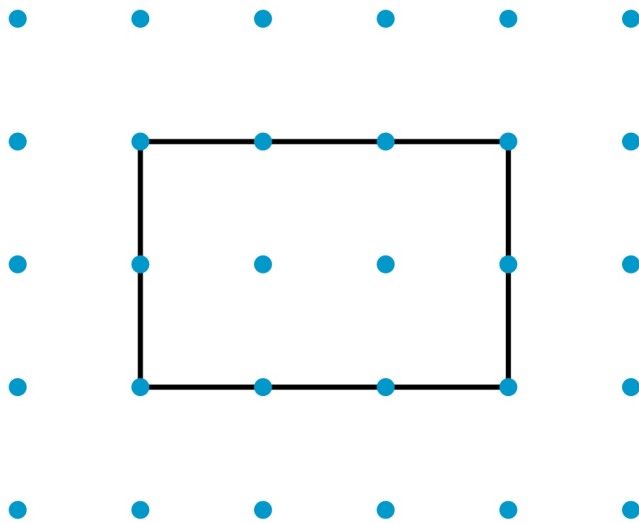


A mathematician called Georg Alexander Pick discovered something special about shapes on geoboards...

$$\mathbf{A} = \frac{\mathbf{B}}{2} + \mathbf{I} - 1$$

Area      half the number of      the number of  
boundary points      interior points

Let's try a shape together:

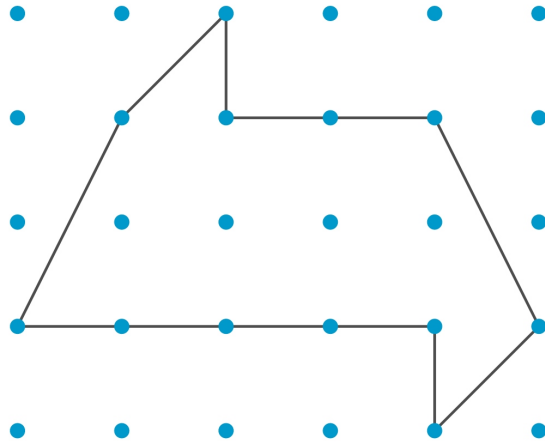


$$\mathbf{B} = \square \quad \mathbf{I} = \square$$

$$\frac{\mathbf{B}}{2} + \mathbf{I} - 1 = \text{Area}$$

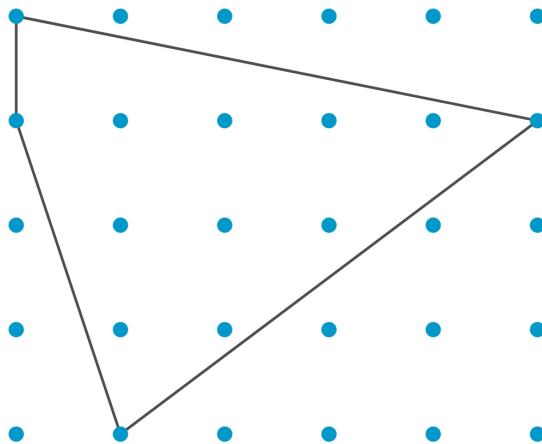
$\square + \square - 1 = \square$  square units

Now try some yourself!



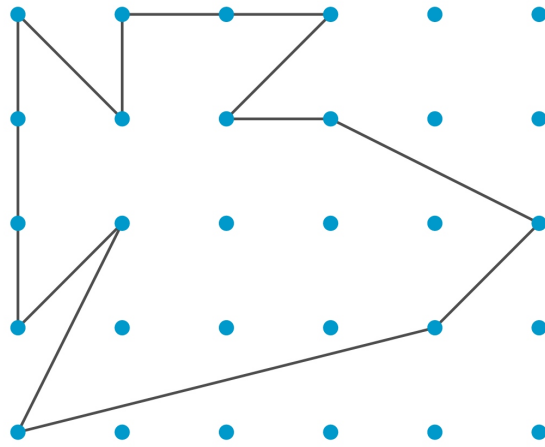
$$\frac{B}{2} + I - 1 = \text{Area}$$

$\square$  +  $\square$  - 1 =  $\square$  square units



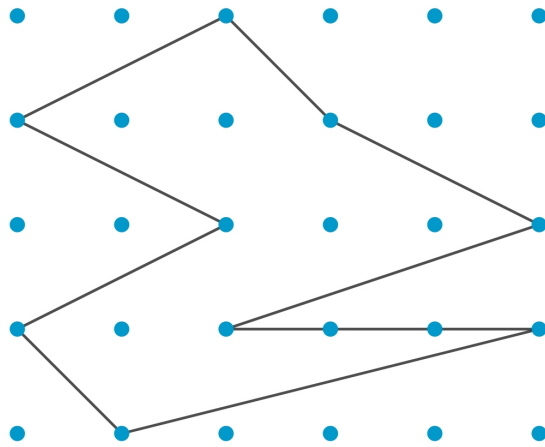
$$\frac{B}{2} + I - 1 = \text{Area}$$

$\square$  +  $\square$  - 1 =  $\square$  square units



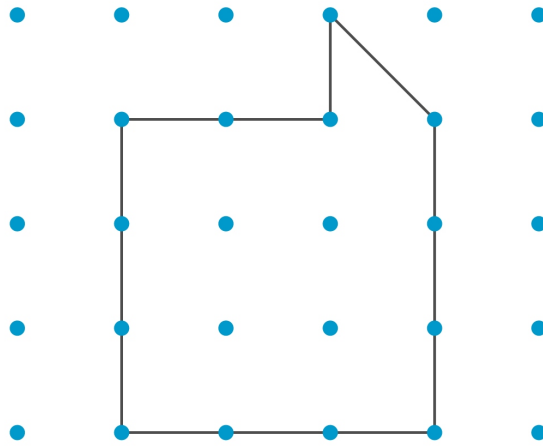
$\frac{B}{2}$                       **I**                      **Area**

+ - 1 = square units



$\frac{B}{2}$                       **I**                      **Area**

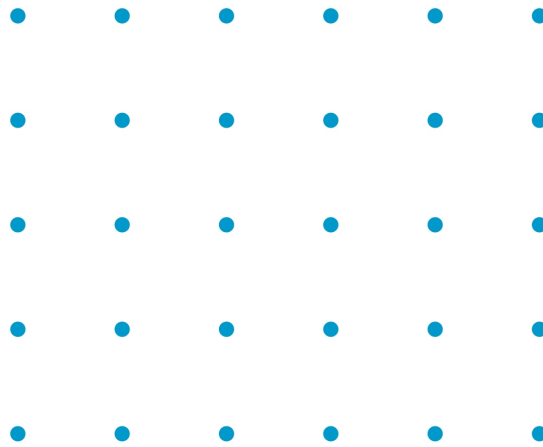
+ - 1 = square units



$\frac{B}{2}$                       **I**                      **Area**

+ - 1 = square units

Now draw your own shape, and calculate the area!



$\frac{B}{2}$                       **I**                      **Area**

+ - 1 = square units