

Classification of Asbestos on Multispectral Data

Marwa Al Hajriy

Supervisor: Dr. Riccardo Rastelli

Asbestos

- Fibrous minerals
- Properties: Durability, heat & fire resistance, cheap
- Construction building materials include
roof tiles, cement, insulation



<https://www.danmarque.co.uk/is-asbestos-roofing-harmful/>



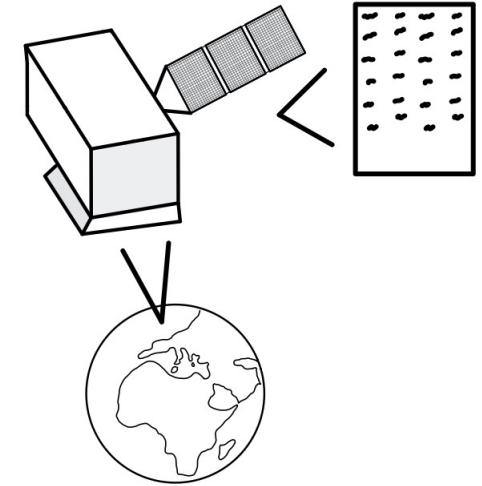
<https://www.mesothelioma.com/asbestos-exposure/products/asbestos-sheets/>



Diseases associated with Asbestos Exposure

- Malignant Mesothelioma
 - Lung Cancer
 - Cancer of the digestive system (stomach & oesophagus)
 - International Agency of Research on Cancer (IARC) classified Asbestos Containing Materials (ACM) as Group 1 carcinogen in 1977
 - Banning legislations 1980s
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Satellite Data - Sentinel 2



- Spatial Resolution: smallest size in m per pixel that can be captured
- Spectral Resolution (SR): range of different light wavelengths detected
Sentinel 2: Visible, Visible & Near Infrared (VNIR), Shortwave Infrared (SWIR)
- Central Wavelength (CW): The average wavelength in nm detected by each band

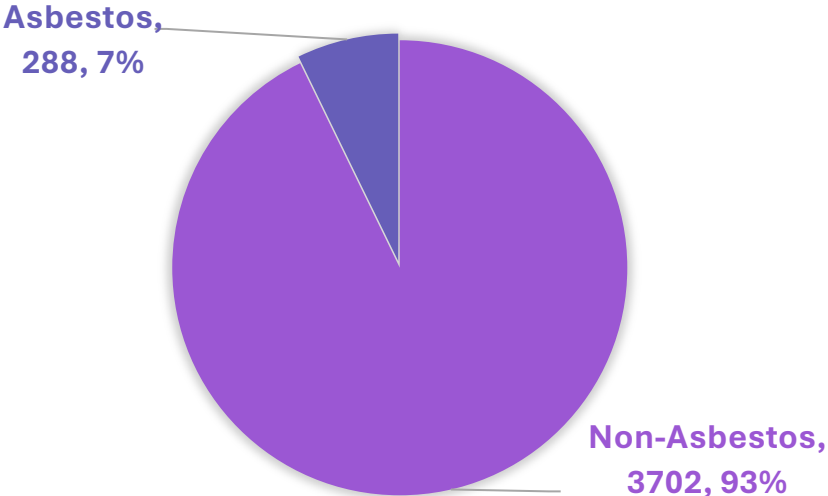
10m Spatial Resolution – RGB bands, Plants & Soil				
Band	B2	B3	B4	B8
SR	Blue	Green	Red	NIR
CW	490nm	560nm	665nm	842nm

60m Spatial Resolution – Atmospheric Aerosol		
Band	B1	B9
SR	Blue	VNIR
CW	443nm	945nm

20m Spatial Resolution – Ice, Cloud & Plant stress						
Band	B5	B6	B7	B8a	B11	B12
SR	Red Edge	Red Edge	Red Edge	NIR	SWIR 1	SWIR 2
CW	705nm	740nm	783nm	865nm	1610nm	2190nm

Preprocessing

Data



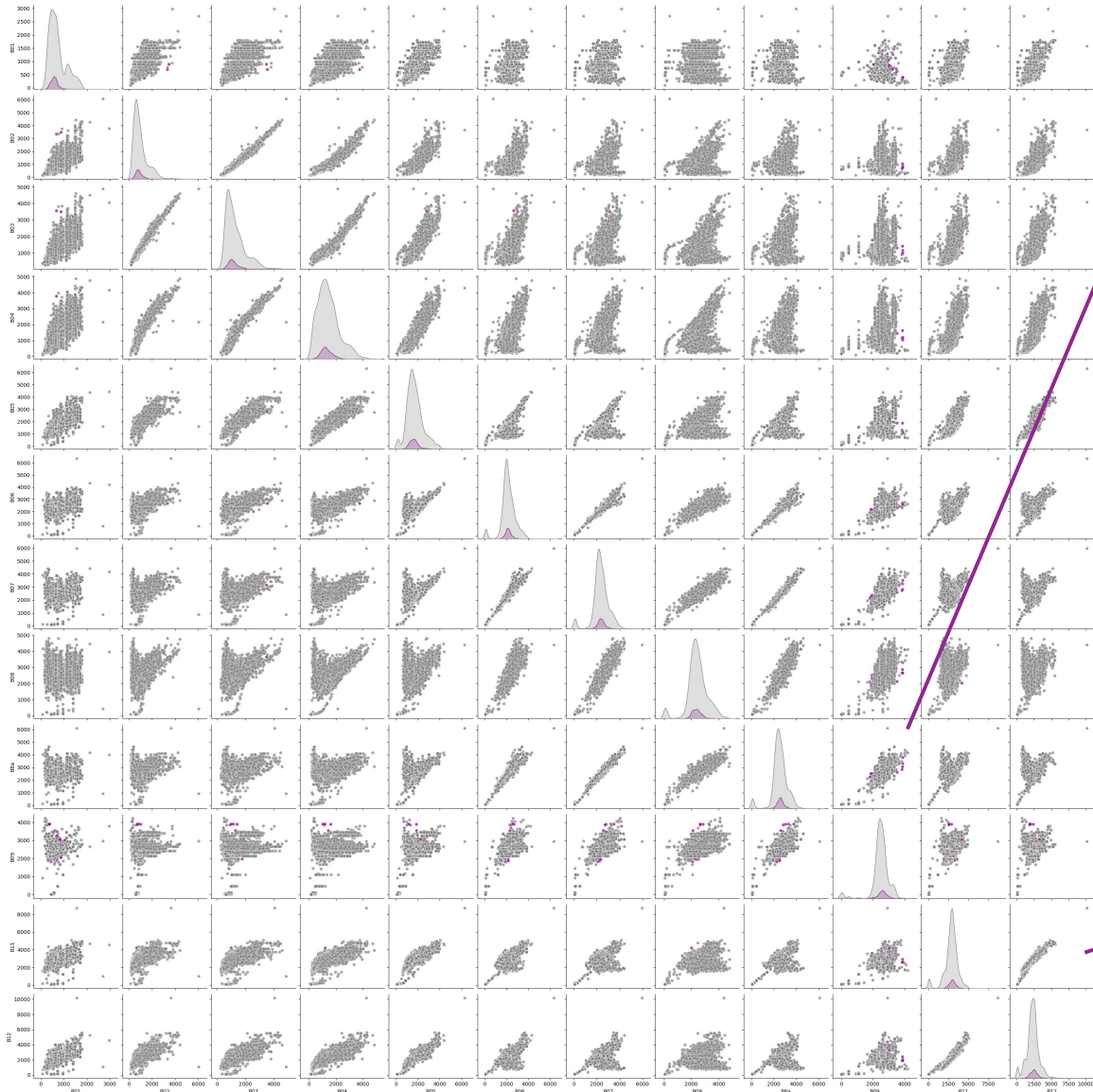
Asbestos : Non-Asbestos
1:13

	B01	B02	B03	B04	B05	B06	B07	B08	B8a	B09	B11	B12	asbestos
0	551	792	1122	1262	1552	2301	2579	2526	2739	2592	2991	2558	1
1	533	1154	1542	1670	1602	1988	2241	2723	2335	2402	2684	2064	1
2	453	1270	1404	1712	1865	2139	2263	2159	2530	2464	3368	2921	1
3	718	981	1278	1498	1730	1962	2011	2308	2425	2388	3555	2893	1
4	582	765	976	1140	1294	1619	1781	2008	1987	2169	3011	2570	1
...
3985	292	315	493	318	764	2301	2959	3041	3397	2931	1798	918	0
3986	292	241	451	432	991	2066	2432	2690	2729	2931	2061	1286	0
3987	292	557	734	833	991	2066	2432	2740	2729	2931	2061	1286	0
3988	165	343	433	358	750	2407	3162	2500	3328	3684	1920	1037	0
3989	165	273	444	345	750	2407	3162	3759	3328	3684	1920	1037	0

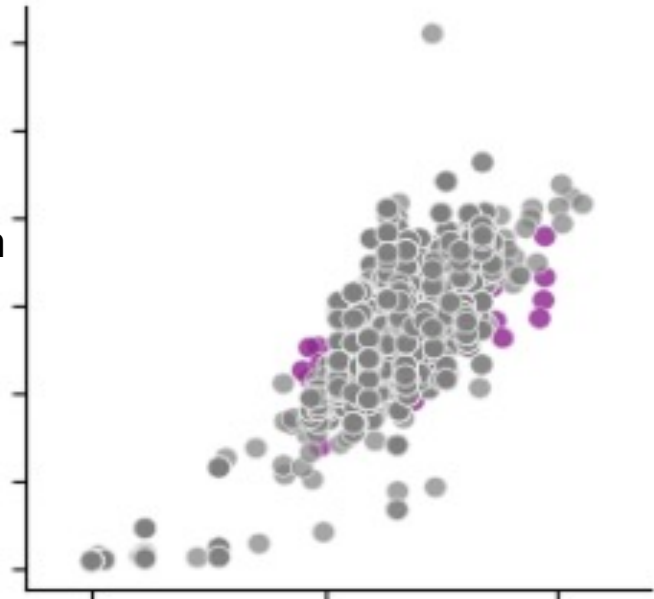
3990 rows x 13 columns

Data Visualization

Pairplot

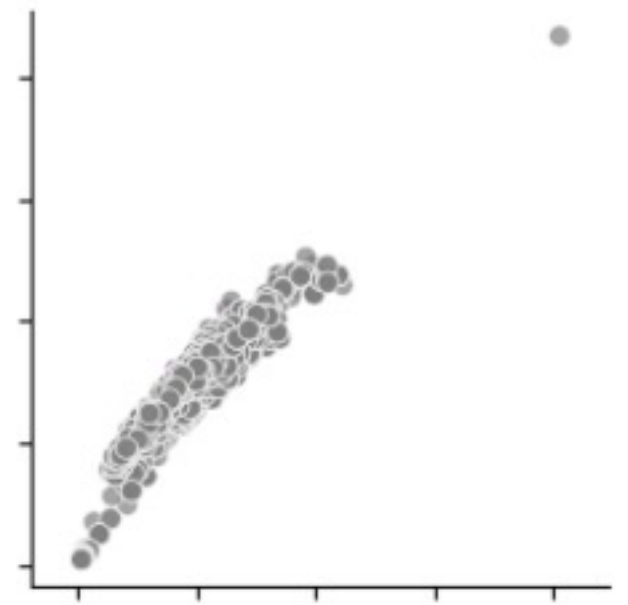


B8a



B09

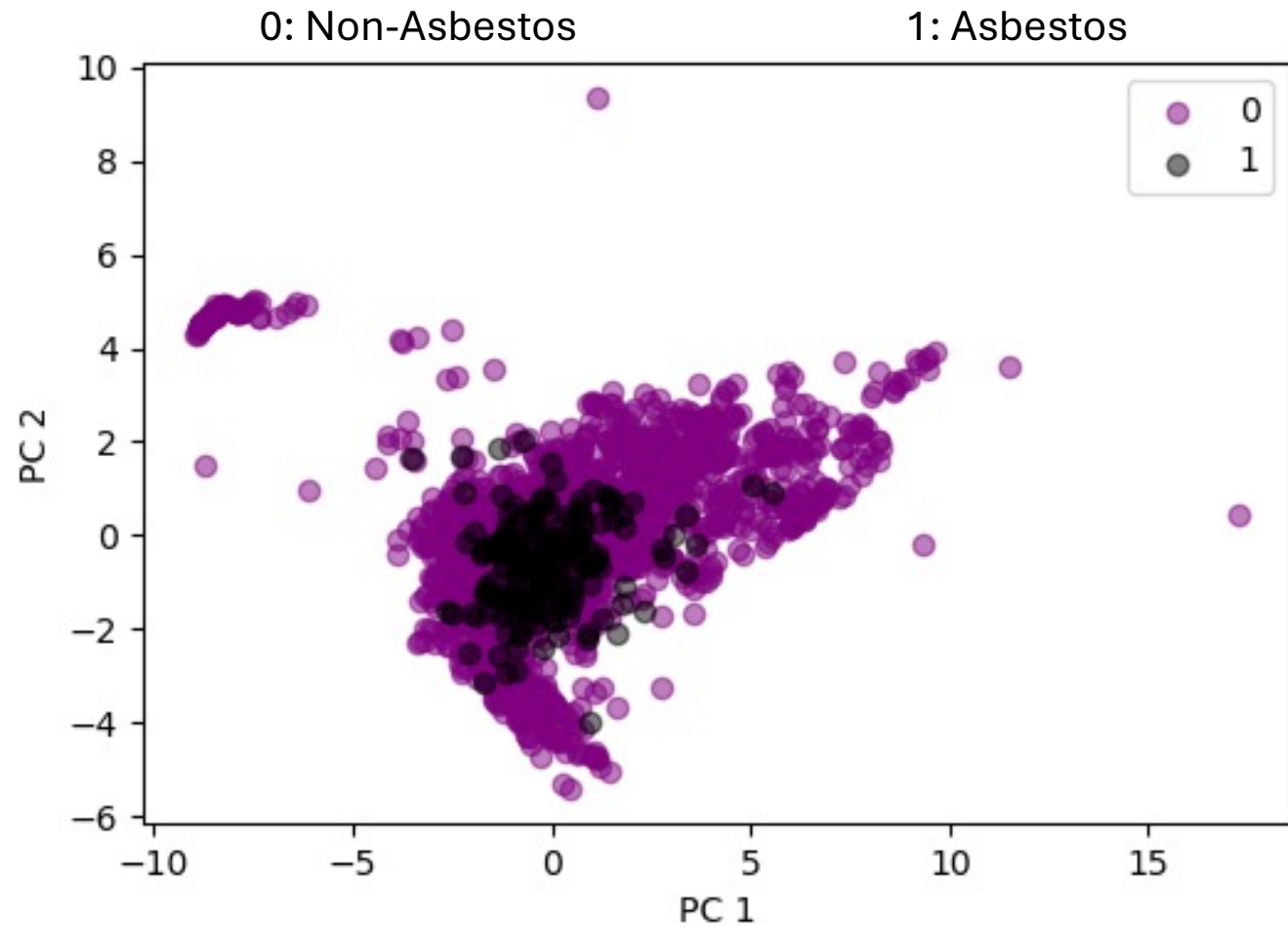
B11



B12

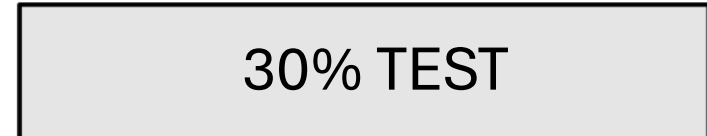
Principle Component Analysis (PCA)

- Total: 87%
- PC1 66% of variance
- PC2 21% of variance



Splitting data & Cross Validation (CV)

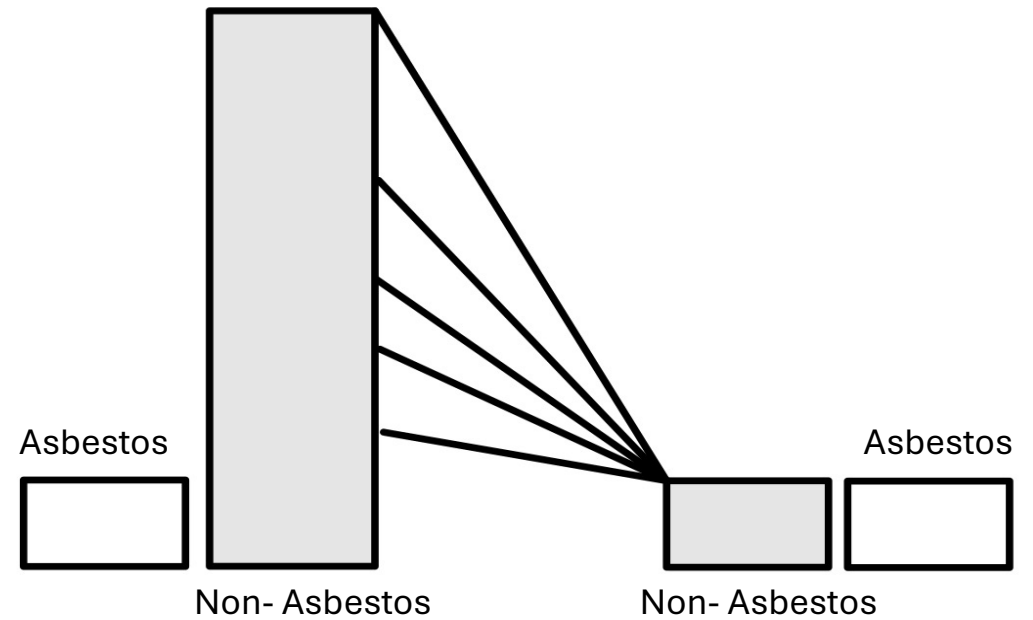
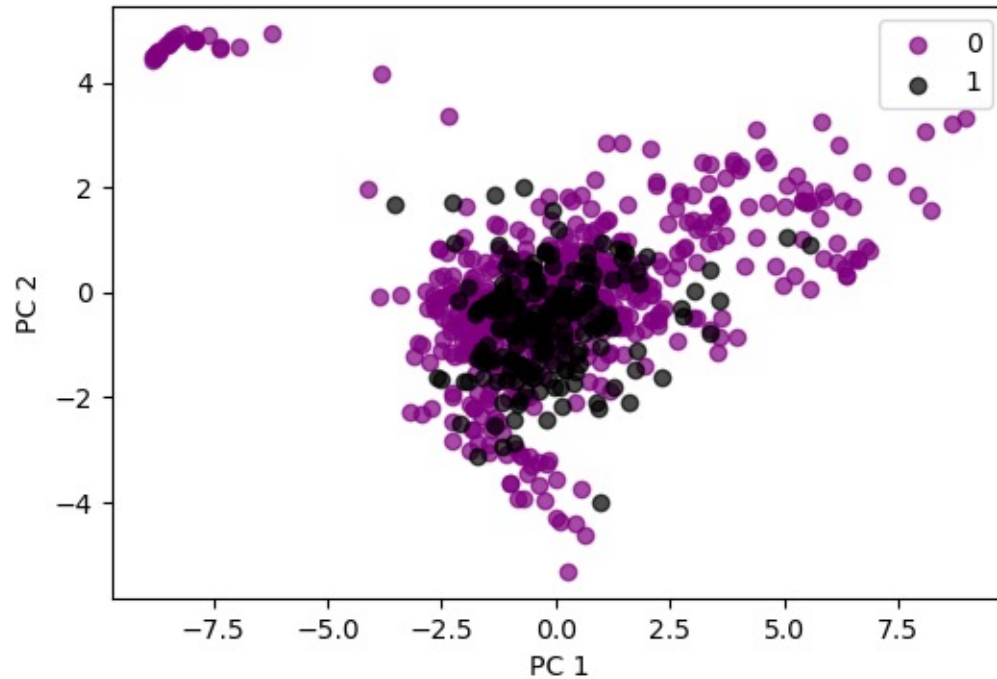
Stratified 5 fold CV



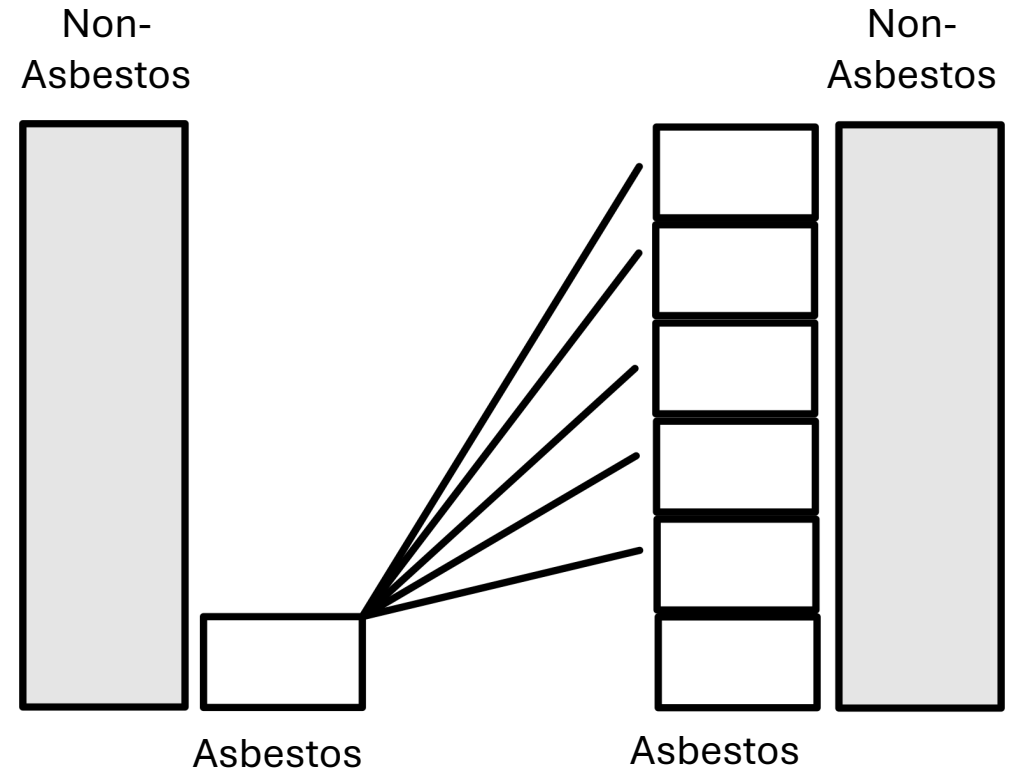
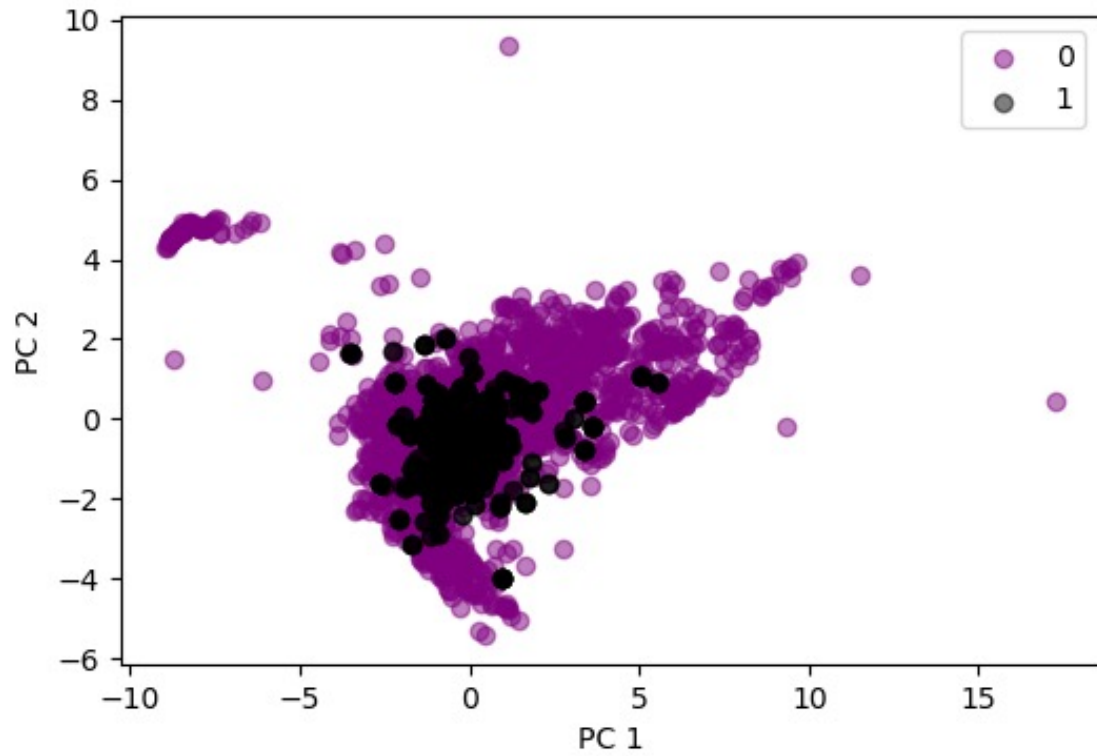
Handling Imbalance

Undersampling

- Majority Class: Non-Asbestos
- Minority Class: Asbestos



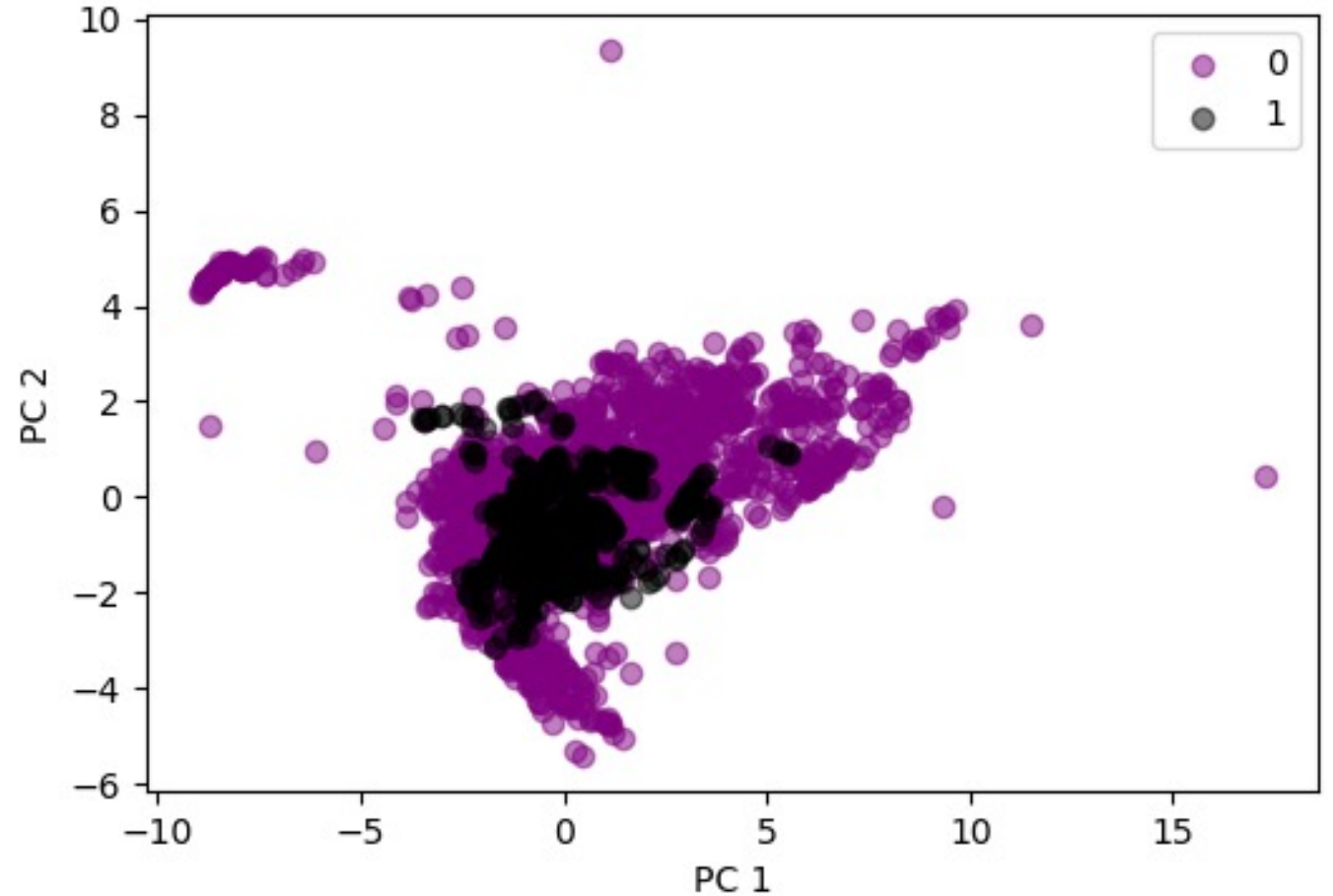
Asbestos : Non-Asbestos
1:3



Oversampling



Combination of Oversampling and Undersampling



Models

Support Vector Machines (SVM)

- Finds optimum separating hyperplane by maximizing margin
- Kernel trick: kernel function enables nonlinear classification
- Optimization:

$$\min_{\{w, w_0\}} \frac{1}{2} \|w\|^2 + C \sum_{i=1}^N \xi_i$$

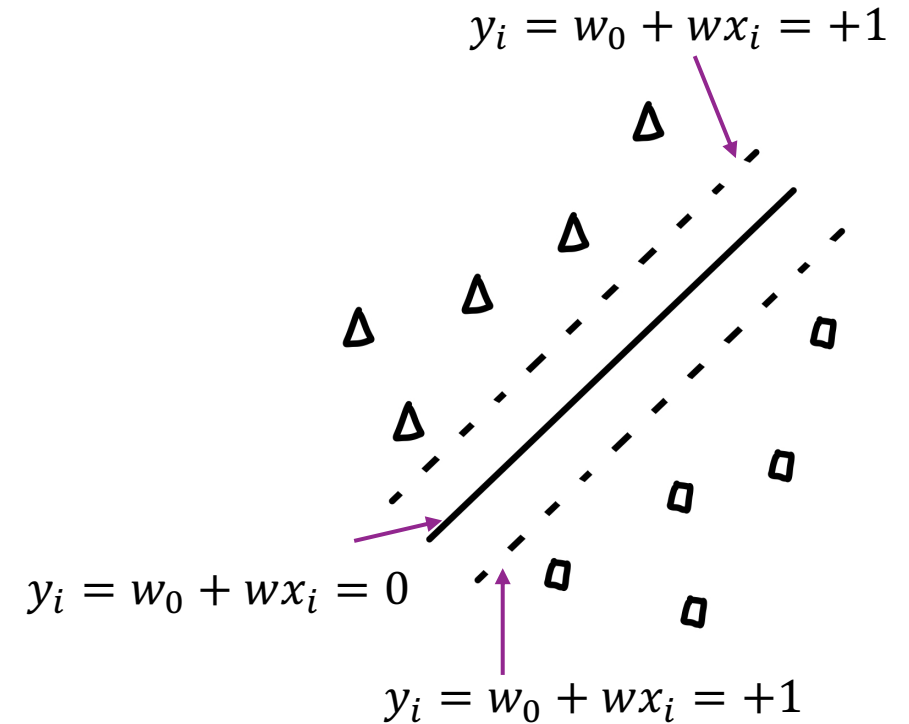
s.t. $y_i(w_0 + \sum_{i=1}^N w_i K(x, x_i)) \geq 1 - \xi_i \quad \xi_i \geq 0 \forall i$

C: cost hyperparameter, penalizes misclassification

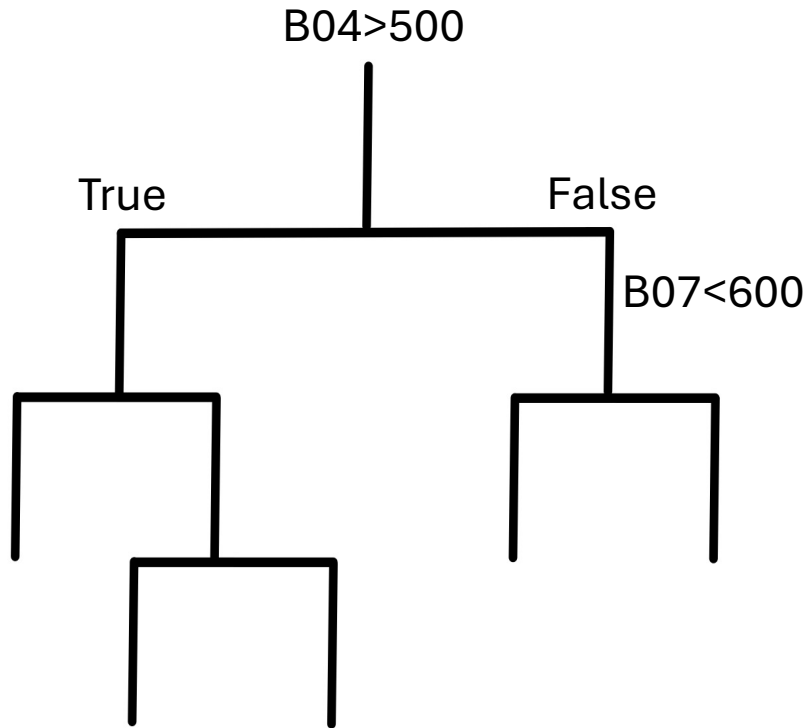
ξ_i : slack variable, allows misclassification

$K(x, x_i)$: kernel function

Radial Basis Function $K(x, x_i) = \exp\left(-\frac{\|x - x_i\|^2}{2\sigma^2}\right)$



Random Forest (RF)



- Decision trees perform classification through true or false conditions

- Training involves the minimization of Gini Impurity:

$$G = \sum_{i=1}^c p_i(1 - p_i)$$

where $i=1,..c$ is the number of categories

p_i is the proportion of data points in category i

- RF is an ensemble method combines multiple Decision Trees & average out the results

- Less sensitive to multicollinearity

Artificial Neural Network (ANN)

- Interconnected neurons that mimic human brain
- Weights between neurons are modified until the loss function is minimized

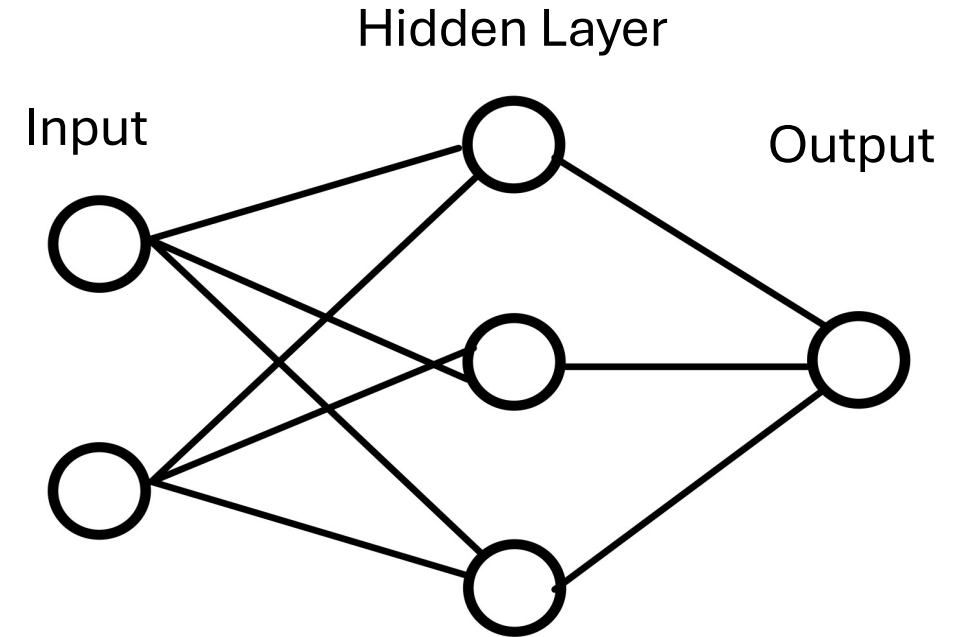
$$\hat{y}_i = \text{ReLU}(wx_i + w_0)$$

$$\text{ReLU}(z) = \max(0, z)$$

Cross Entropy loss

$$L(y_i, \hat{y}_i) = -\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N [y_i \log(\hat{y}_i) + (1 - y_i) \log(1 - \hat{y}_i)]$$

- Works well with complex nonlinear patterns



Performance Metrics

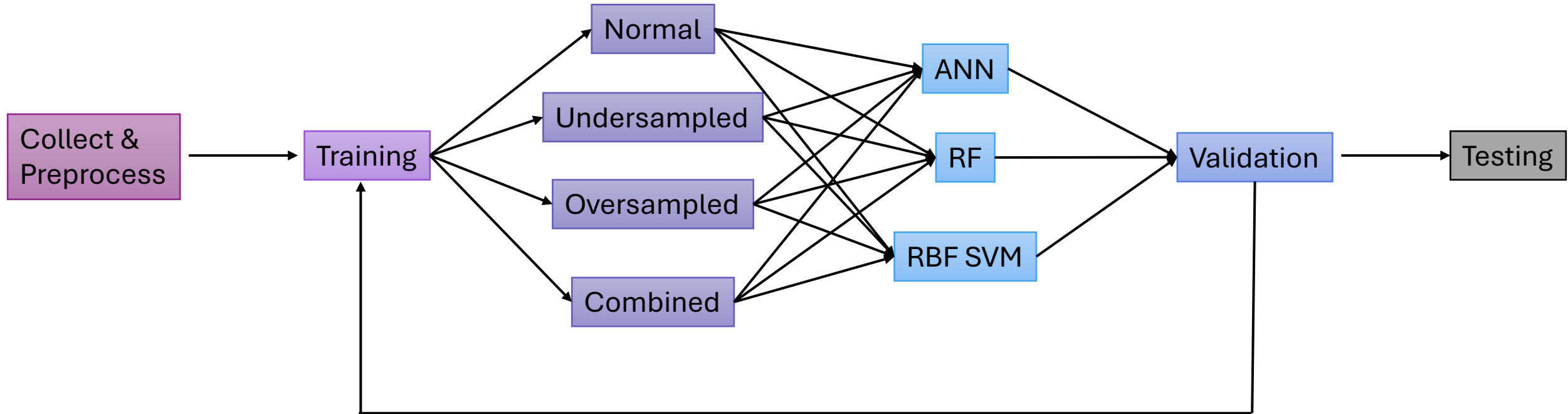
- $Recall = \frac{TP}{TP+FN}$

- $Precision = \frac{TP}{TP+FP}$

- $F1\ score = 2 \frac{Precision \times Recall}{Precision+Recall}$

		Predicted	
		0	1
True	0	TN true negatives: predicted location does not have Asbestos and it truly doesn't have Asbestos	FP false positives: predicted location has Asbestos when it doesn't have Asbestos
	1	FN false negative: predicted location doesn't have Asbestos when it does have Asbestos	TP true positives: predicted location has Asbestos, and it truly has Asbestos

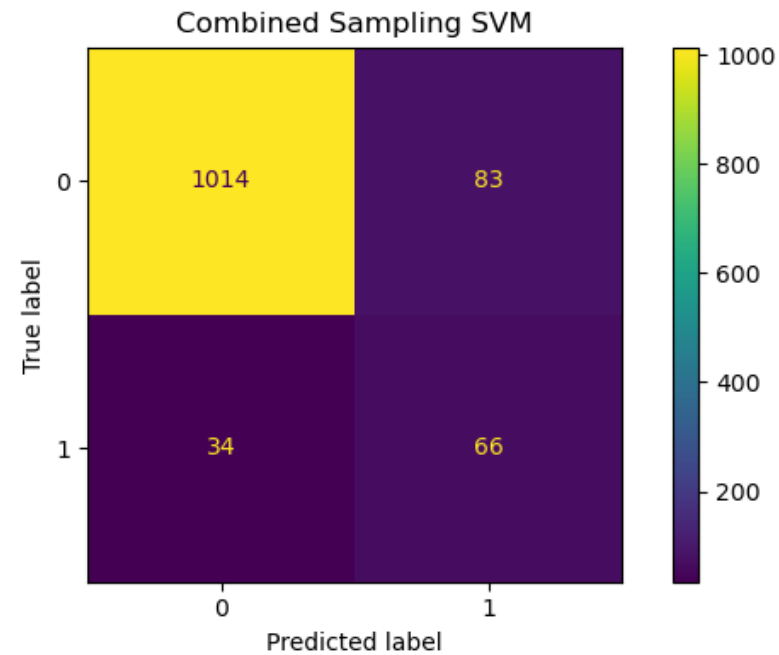
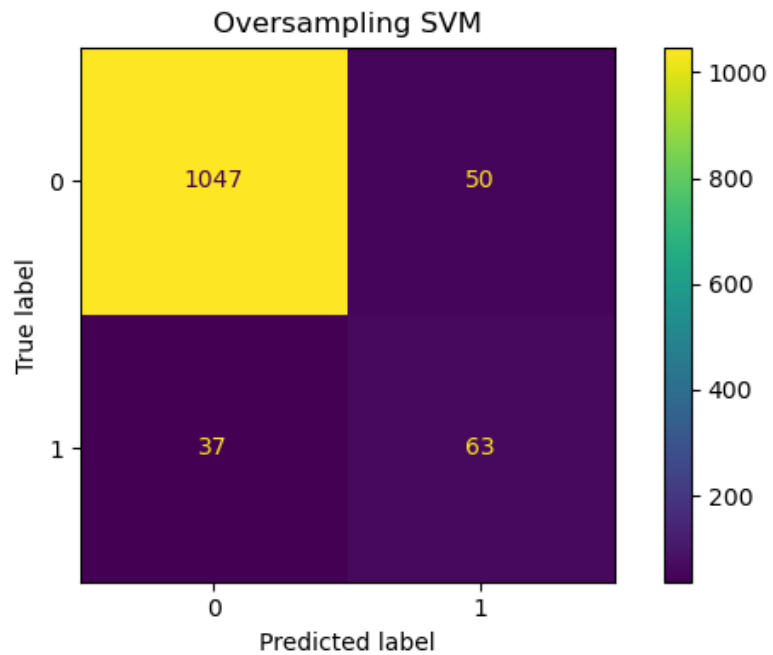
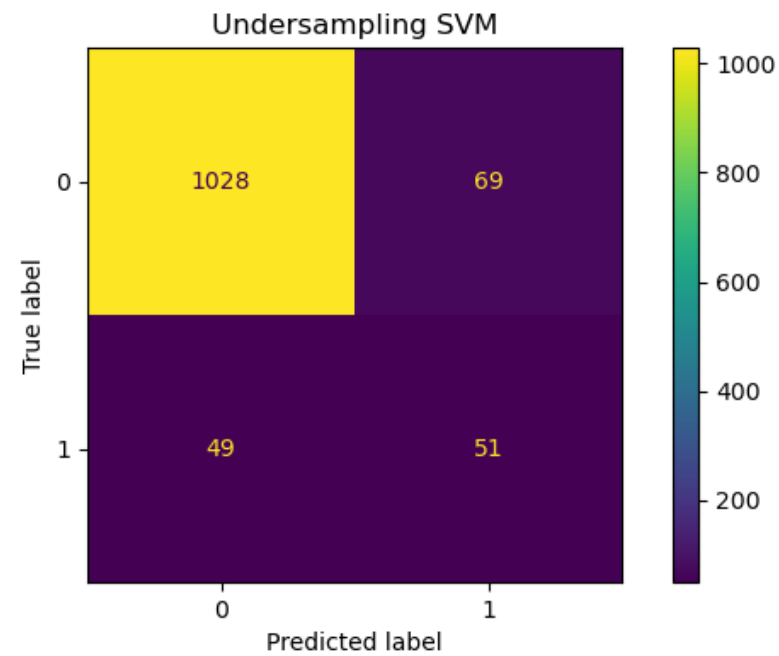
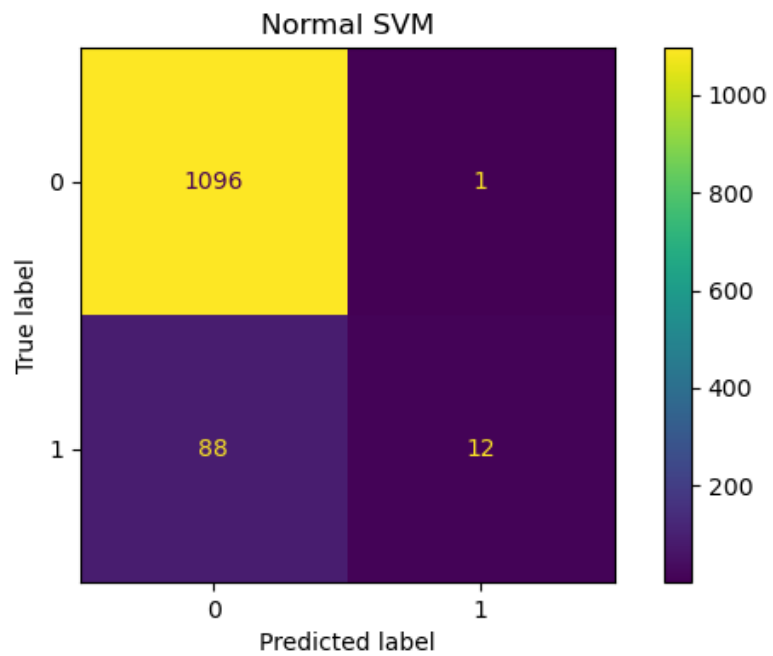
Flowchart



Results

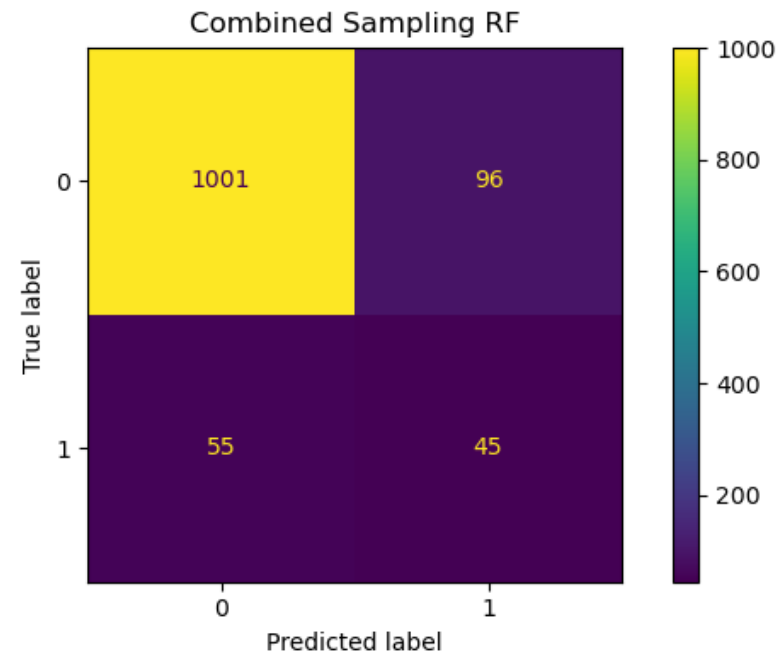
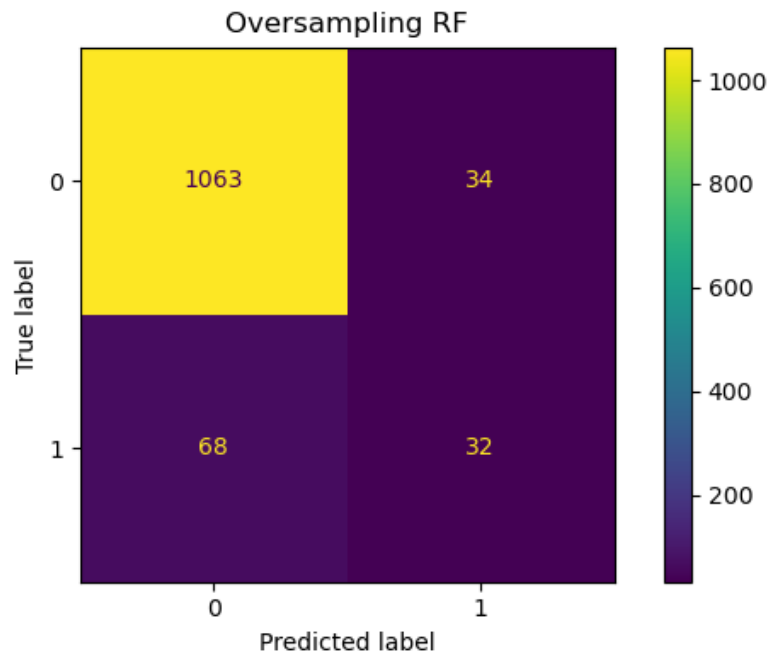
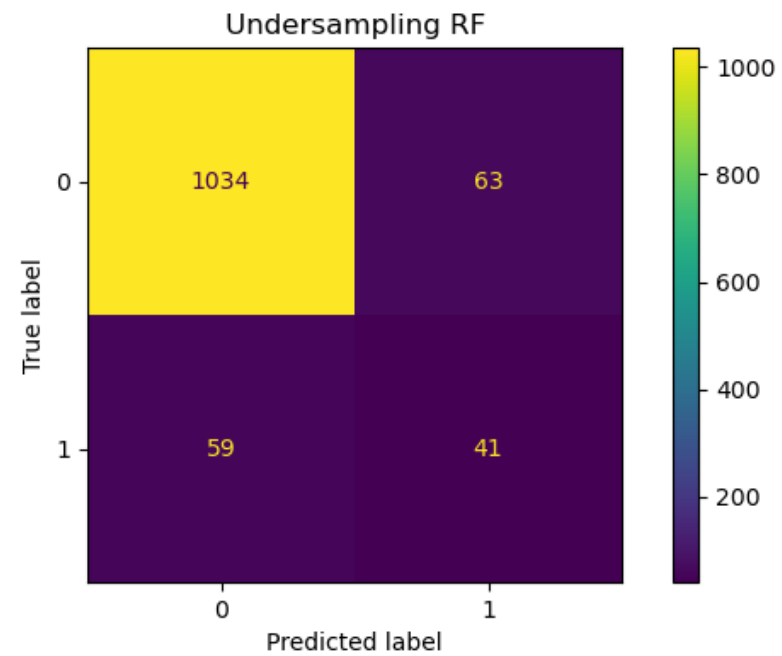
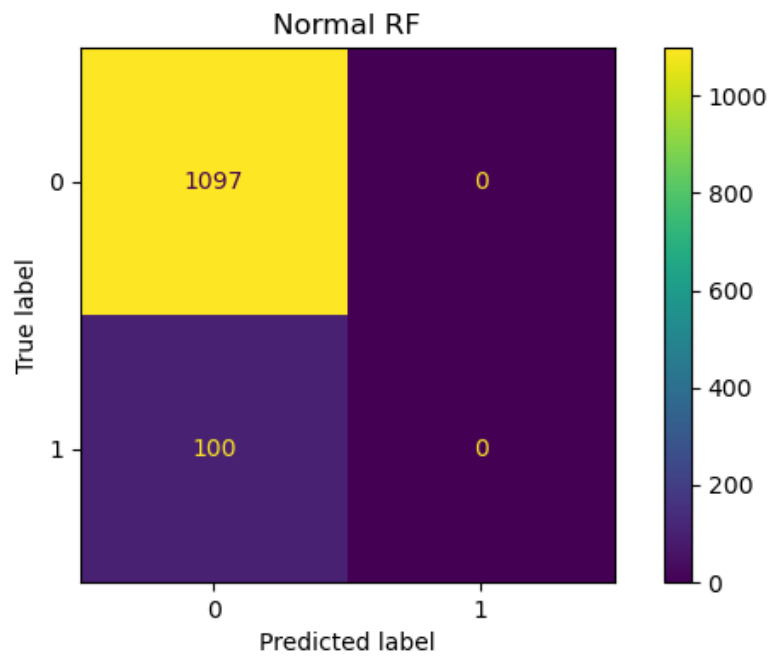
RBF SVM

	Training Results			Validation Results			Testing Results		
	Mean f1 (%)	Mean Recall (%)	Mean Precision (%)	Mean f1 (%)	Mean Recall (%)	Mean Precision (%)	F1 (%)	Recall (%)	Precision (%)
Normal	13.8	7.4	100	5.1	2.7	66.7	21.2	12	92.3
Undersampled	52.9	69.7	42.8	45.4	59.1	37.1	46.4	51	42.5
Oversampled	61.4	75.7	51.7	50.6	62.3	42.9	59.5	63	55.7
Combined	55.6	80	42.6	47.1	68.1	36.2	53	66	44.3



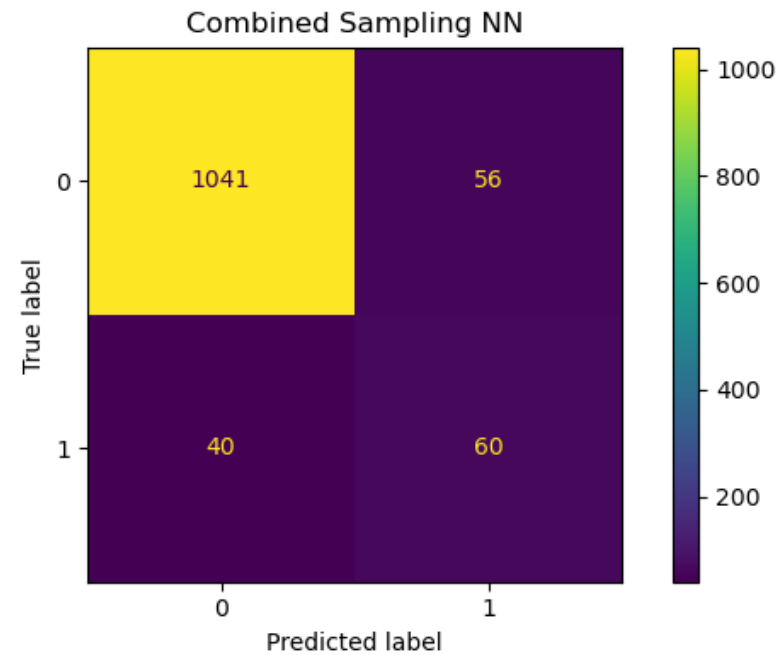
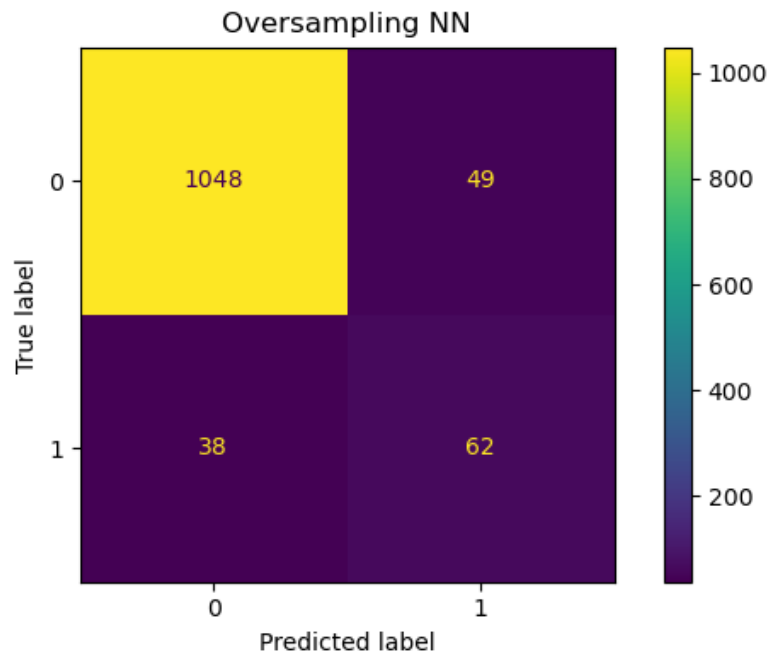
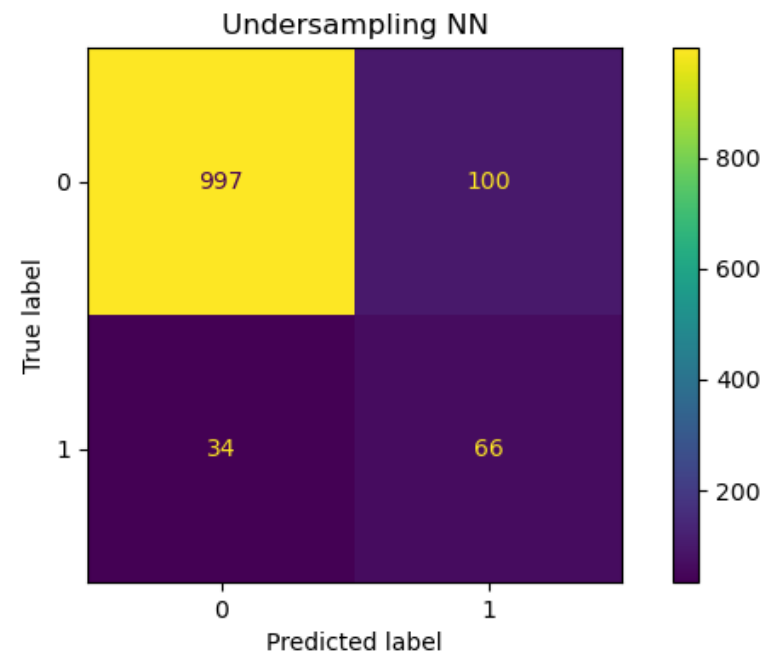
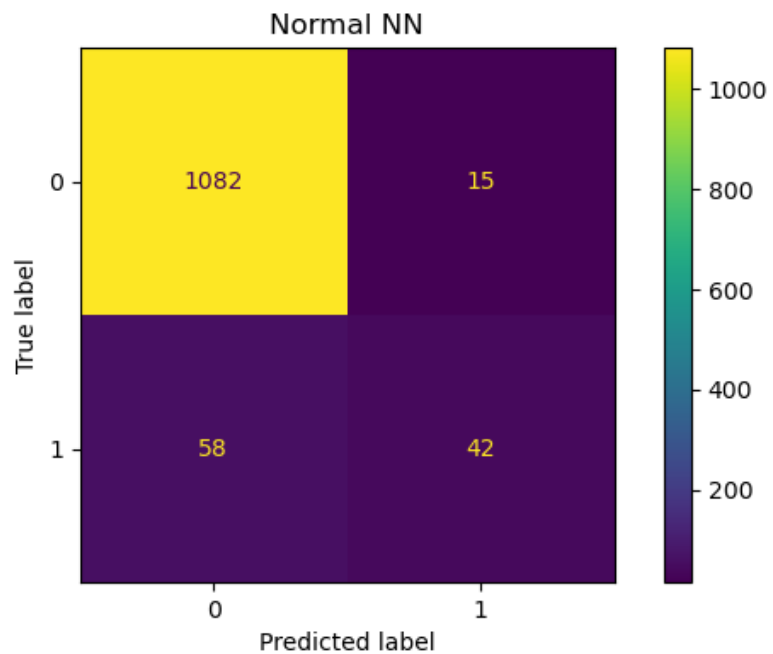
Random Forest

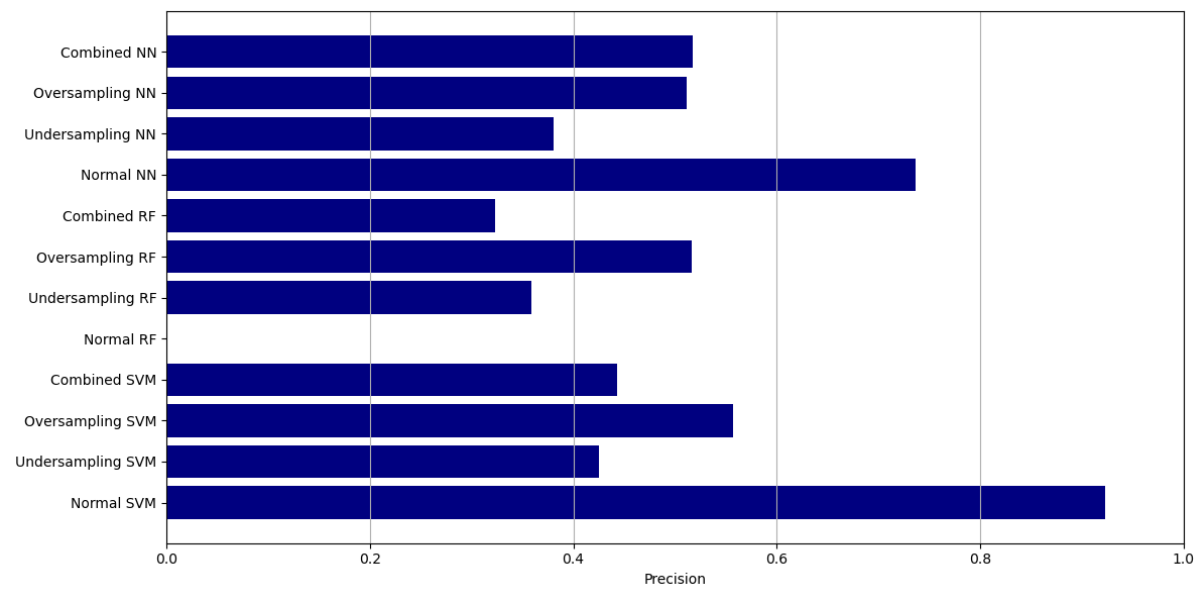
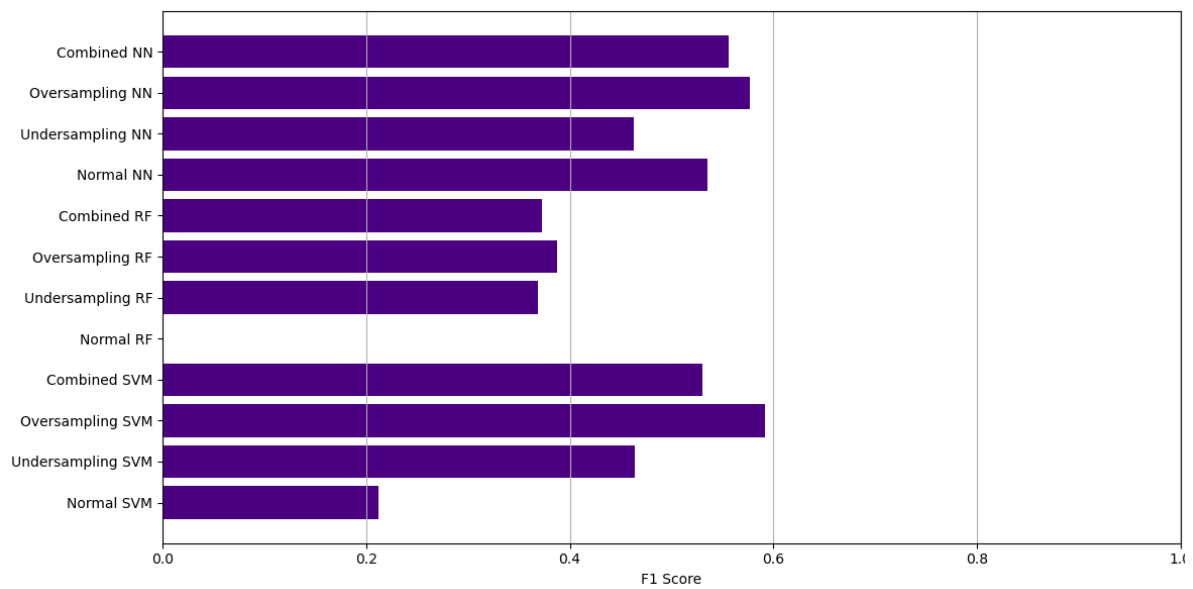
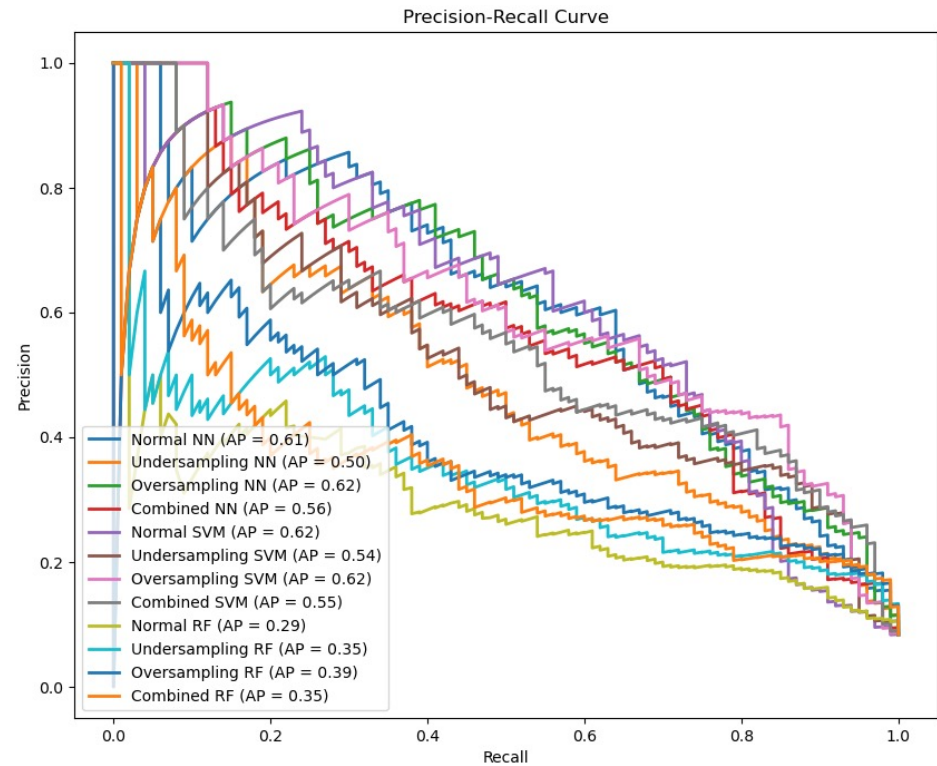
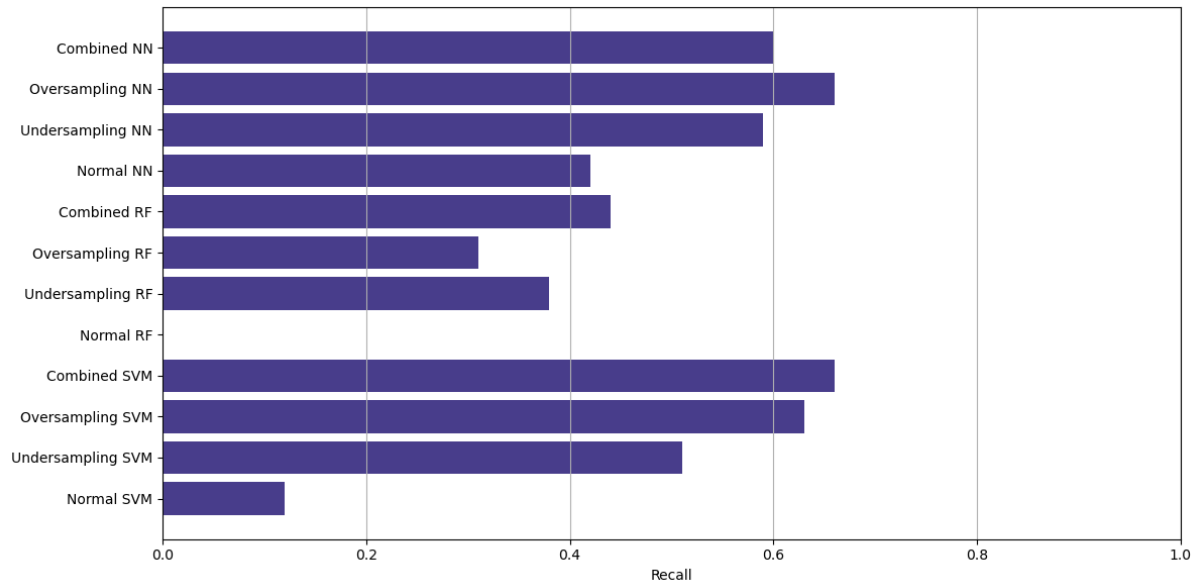
	Training Results			Validation Results			Testing Results		
	Mean f1 (%)	Mean Recall (%)	Mean Precision (%)	Mean f1 (%)	Mean Recall (%)	Mean Precision (%)	F1 (%)	Recall (%)	Precision (%)
Normal	0.2	0.13	20	0	0	0	0	0	0
Undersampled	49.9	56.8	44.5	34.5	28.8	31.2	40.2	41	39.4
Oversampled	53.3	52.8	54.2	30.5	27.1	35.1	38.5	32	48.5
Combined	45.2	63.4	35.2	33.9	46.8	26.6	37.3	45	31.9



Artificial Neural Network

	Training Results			Validation Results			Testing Results		
	Mean f1 (%)	Mean Recall (%)	Mean Precision (%)	Mean f1 (%)	Mean Recall (%)	Mean Precision (%)	F1 (%)	Recall (%)	Precision (%)
Normal	65.4	54.3	82.5	46.9	37.7	62.3	53.5	42	73.7
Undersampled	51.7	74.1	39.9	45.7	67.6	34.8	49.6	66	39.7
Oversampled	76.6	91.1	66.1	49.9	58	44	58.8	62	55.8
Combined	64.8	83.8	52.9	51	67.1	41.4	55.5	60	51.7





Conclusion

- Oversampling yield highest metrics
- Suboptimal results: Oversampled SVM(f1: 59.5%)
- Limitations: Imbalance – Features – Hyperparameter Tuning

- [1] Im S., Youn Kw., Shin D., Lee Mj., Choi SJ. Review of carcinogenicity of asbestos and proposal of approval standards of an occupational cancer caused by asbestos in Korea [online]. 2015; 27(1):34. [Accessed 9 July 2024]. Available from < <https://doi.org/10.1186%2Fs40557-015-0080-1>>
- [2] P.Thives.L, Chisi E., Thives Júnior JJ., Vieira AS. Is asbestos still a problem in the world? A current review [online]. 2022; 319. [Accessed 9 July 2024]. Available from < <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jenvman.2022.115716>>
- [3] Sentinel-2 Bands. [online]. sentinelhub [Accessed 11 July 2024]. Available from: <https://custom-scripts.sentinel-hub.com/custom-scripts/sentinel-2/bands/>
- [4] S2 Mission. [online]. PROGRAMME OF THE EUROPEAN UNION, Copernicus: SentiWiki; [Accessed 11 July 2024]. Available from: <https://sentiwiki.copernicus.eu/web/s2-mission#Spatial-Resolution>
- [5] Hastie T., Tibshirani T., Friedman J. The Elements of Statistical Learning: Data Mining, Inference, and Prediction. Second Edition. Stanford, California: Springer; 2017.